

PARTS OF THE MALE REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM

- A. This is the loose bag of skin which hangs under the main body cavity between the upper thighs.
- B. It meets a tube from the seminal vesicle to form a short tube called the ejaculatory duct.
- C. They are located in the scrotum.
- D. This is the tube attached to the testis where sperm is stored.
- E. It is a reproductive, erectile organ that additionally serves as the urinal duct.
- F. It is divided into two, and each side contains one testicle (testis).
- G. This is the tube which carries the sperm from the epididymis.
- H. They produce a fluid that makes up about 70-85% of the volume of the ejaculate.
- I. It is an external male sexual organ.
- J. They produce a fluid that helps to lubricate the distal urethra.
- K. They produce a fluid that provides semen with a source of energy.
- L. They produce sperm and also produce male hormones.
- M. It produces a slightly alkaline fluid.
- N. They contribute about a 5% of the ejaculate.
- O. It is the sensitive bulbous structure at the distal end of the penis.
- P. It produces a fluid that constitutes less than 30% of the volume of the semen.
- Q. It is a double-layered fold of skin, blood vessels and neurons that covers the glans penis.
- R. They are slightly cooler than if they were inside the body cavity.

1. Cowper's glands
2. Epididymis
3. Foreskin (prepuce)
4. Glans penis
5. Penis
6. Prostate gland
7. Scrotum or scrotal sac
8. Seminal vesicles
9. Testicles (testes)
10. Vas deferens

